Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-7 (Cancelled)

1	Claim 8 (currently amended): An infrared ray lamp
2	comprising:
3	a heating element which is formed of a carbon-based
4	substance including at least crystallized carbon, a
5	resistance value adjustment substance and amorphous
6	carbon which has a substantially plate shape, the width
7	of which is larger than its thickness by five times or
8	more,
9	a glass tube in which said heating element is
10	hermetically sealed, and
11	an electrode embedded at both end portions of said
12	glass tube, electrically connected to both ends of said
13	heating element respectively and also electrically
14	connected to an external electric circuit,
15	a connection device which is secured to each end
16	portion of said heating element, thereby electrically
17	connected to said heating element, and
18	a lead wire having a spring portion which is secured
19	to said connecting device and said electrode and pulls

Appl. No. 10/615,442 Amdt. Dated July 1, 2004 Reply to Office action of April 1, 2004

- said heating element at a predetermined tension, and
 electrically connecting said connecting device and said
 electrode.
 Claim 9 (currently amended): An infrared ray lamp in
- accordance with claim 8, wherein 2 the spring portion of said lead wire is formed in a 3 spiral shape, and 4 said spring portion has a larger diameter than the 5 width of said heating element further comprising: 6 a connection device secured to both end portions of 7 said heating element respectively and electrically 8 9 connected to said heating element, and lead wires secured to said connection devices and 10 said electrodes so as to pull both ends of said heating 11 element at a predetermined tension and used to 12 13 electrically connect said connection devices to said

Claim 10 (cancelled)

electrodes.

14

Claim 11 (original): An infrared ray lamp in

accordance with claim 8, wherein a reflection film for

reflecting infrared rays is provided on the internal or

external face of said glass tube so that the emission

intensity of said infrared rays emitted from said heating

6 element has a predetermined distribution.

Claim 12 (original): An infrared ray lamp in
accordance with claim 11, wherein said reflection film
having a semicylindrical shape being substantially
coaxial with the center line of said heating element in
the longitudinal direction thereof is provided along
substantially similar length as that of the infrared ray
emitting portion of said heating element.

Claim 13 (original): An infrared ray lamp in accordance with claim 11, wherein the cross section of said reflection film has a shape formed of a part of a parabola having its focus substantially on the center line of said heating element in the longitudinal direction thereof, along substantially similar length as that of the infrared ray emitting portion of said heating element.

Claim 14 (original): An infrared ray lamp in accordance with claim 11, wherein the cross section of said reflection film has a shape formed of a part of an ellipse having one of its focuses substantially on the center line of said heating element in the longitudinal direction thereof, along substantially similar length as that of the infrared ray emitting portion of said heating

8 element.

- Claim 15 (original): An infrared ray lamp in

 accordance with claim 12, wherein the central portion of

 the cross section of said reflection film is disposed so

 as to be opposed to the wider side portion of said

 heating element.
- Claim 16 (original): An infrared ray lamp in

 accordance with claim 12, wherein the central portion of

 the cross section of said reflection film is disposed so

 as to be opposed to the narrower side portion of said

 heating element.
- Claim 17 (currently amended): A heating apparatus 1 provided with an infrared ray lamp comprising: 2 3 a heating element which is formed of a carbon-based substance including at least crystallized carbon, a 4 resistance value adjustment substance and amorphous 5 carbon, and which has a substantially plate shape, the 6 7 width of which is larger than its thickness by five times or more, 8
- 9 a glass tube in which said heating element is 10 hermetically sealed, and
- an electrode embedded at both end portions of said glass tube, electrically connected to both ends of said

13	heating element respectively and also electrically
14	connected to an external electric circuit,
15	a connection device which is secured to each end
16	portion of said heating element, thereby electrically
17	connected to said heating element, and
18	a lead wire having a spring portion which is secured
19	to said connecting device and said electrode and pulls
20	said heating element at a predetermined tension, and
21	electrically connecting said connecting device and said
22	electrode.
1	Claim 18 (currently amended): A heating apparatus in
2	accordance with claim 17, wherein
3	the spring portion of said lead wire is formed in a
4	spiral shape, and
5	said spring portion has a larger diameter than the
6	width of said heating element
7	said infrared ray lamp further comprises:
8	a connection device secured to both end portions of
9	said heating element respectively and
10	electrically connected to said heating element, and
11	lead wires secured to said connection devices and
12	said electrodes so as to pull both ends of said heating
13	element at a predetermined tension and used to
14	electrically connect said connection devices to said
15	electrodes .

- Claim 19 (original): A heating apparatus in

 accordance with claim 17 or 18, further comprising a

 reflection plate for reflecting infrared rays so that the

 intensity of said infrared rays emitted from said

 heating element has a predetermined directional

 distribution.
- Claim 20 (currently amended): A heating apparatus in accordance with claim [[18]] 19, wherein said reflection plate has a semi-cylindrical shape being substantially coaxial with the center axis of said infrared ray lamp.
- 1 Claim 21 (currently amended): A heating apparatus
 2 in accordance with claim [[18]] 19, wherein the cross
 3 section of said reflection plate has a shape formed of a
 4 part of a parabola having its focus substantially on the
 5 center axis of said infrared ray lamp.
- Claim 22 (currently amended): A heating apparatus
 in accordance with claim [[18]] 19, wherein the cross
 section of said reflection plate has a shape formed of a
 part of an ellipse having one of its focuses
 substantially on the center axis of said infrared ray
 lamp.

14

Claim 23 (original): A heating apparatus in accordance with claim 19, wherein the central portion of 2 the cross section of said reflection plate is disposed so 3 as to be opposed to the wider side portion of said 4 heating element. 5 Claim 24 (original): A heating apparatus in 1 accordance with claim 19, wherein the central portion of 2 the cross section of said reflection plate is disposed so 3 as to be opposed to the narrower side portion of said 4 heating element. 5 Claim 25 (currently amended): A method of producing 1 an infrared ray lamp, comprising: 2 3 a step of forming a heating element which is formed of a carbon-based substance including at least 4 crystallized carbon, a resistance value adjustment 5 6 substance and amorphous carbon into a substantially plate shape, the width of which is larger than its thickness by 7 five times or more, 8 a step of disposing a lead wire having a spring 9 10 portion which pulls said heating element at a 11 predetermined tension, a step of forming a glass tube by forming glass into 12 a substantially cylindrical shape, 13

a step of hermetically sealing a substantially plate

- said heating element, the width of which is larger than 15 16 its thickness by five times or more, inside said glass tube so that the center line of said heating element in 17 the longitudinal direction thereof is substantially 18 coaxial with the center axis of said glass tube, and 19 a step of forming a reflection film for reflecting 20 21 infrared rays into a substantially semi-cylindrical shape on the external face of the cylindrical shape of said 22 glass tube so as to substantially include the range of 23 the disposition of said heating element in the axial 24 25 direction thereof.
- Claim 26 (currently amended): A method of producing
 an infrared ray lamp, comprising:
- a step of forming a heating element which is formed
 of a carbon-based substance including at least
 crystallized carbon, a resistance value adjustment
- shape, the width of which is larger than its thickness by

substance and amorphous carbon into a substantially plate

8 five times or more,

6

- 9 a step of forming a glass tube by forming glass into
 10 a substantially cylindrical shape,
- a step of forming a reflection film for reflecting
 infrared rays into a predetermined substantially
 semi-cylindrical shape on the external face or the
 internal face of the cylindrical shape of said glass

tube, and 15 a step of disposing a lead wire having a spring 16 portion which pulls said heating element at a 17 predetermined tension, and 18 a step of disposing a substantially plate said 19 heating element, the width of which is larger than its 20 thickness by five times or more, so as to be included in 21 the axial range wherein said reflection film is disposed, 22 23 and of hermetically sealing said heating element inside said glass tube. 24 Claim 27 (currently amended): An infrared ray lamp 1 comprising: 2 a heating element having a substantially plate 3 shape, the width of which is larger than its thickness by 4 five times or more, and being formed of a carbon-based 5 6 substance including at least crystallized carbon, a resistance value adjustment substance and amorphous 7 8 carbon, a heat emitting block which is formed of a 9 conductive material and electrically connected to one end 10 having a good conductivity which is bonded to each end 11 portion of said heating element, 12 an internal lead wire having a close-contact portion 13 wound around said heat-emitting block and a spring 14 15 portion,

16	a glass tube in which said heating element, said
17	heat emitting block, said close-contact portion, and said
18	spring portion is hermetically sealed, and
19	an electrode embedded at both end portions of said
20	glass tube, electrically connected to both ends of said
21	heating element said inner lead wire respectively and
22	also electrically connected to an external electric
23	circuit.
1	Claim 28 (previously presented): A heating apparatus
2	provided with an infrared ray lamp comprising,
3	a heating element having a substantially plate
4	shape, the width of which is larger than its thickness by
5	five times or more, and being formed of a carbon-based
6	substance including at least crystallized carbon, a
7	resistance value adjustment substance and amorphous
8	carbon,
9	a heat emitting block which is formed of conductive
10	material and electrically connected to one end of having
11	a good conductivity which is bonded to each end portion
12	of said heating element,
13	an internal lead wire having a close-contact portion
14	wound around said heat-emitting block and a spring
15	portion,
16	a glass tube in which said heating element, said
17	heat emitting block, said close-contact portion, and said

18	spring portion is hermetically sealed, and
19	an electrode embedded at both end portions of said
20	glass tube, electrically connected to both ends of said
21	heating element said inner lead wire respectively and
22	also electrically connected to an external electric
23	circuit.

Appl. No. 10/615,442 Amdt. Dated July 1, 2004 Reply to Office action of April 1, 2004

Amendments to the Drawings:

The attached sheet of drawings includes changes to Figs. 9, 11, 12, 14, 15, 17, 20, 24 and 26.

Each drawing has been amended to include appropriate figure labels (Fig. 9(a), Fig. 9(b) etc.).

Figs. 20-26 have been labeled "Prior Art".

Attachment: Replacement Sheet (13 sheets)

Annotated Sheet Showing Changes (13 sheets)